

CATALOGUE NO. 5646.0 EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 23 FEBRUARY 1996

STATE ESTIMATES OF PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE SEPTEMBER QUARTER 1995 SURVEY

- Note 1. The seasonally adjusted estimates for States should be interpreted with care. Refer to paragraphs 22 to 28 of the explanatory notes.
- Note 2. This publication is based on final results from the September quarter 1995 survey.
- Note 3 This publication includes revisions to June 1995 and previous quarters arising from the annual sample revision and seasonal reanalysis. See 5625.0 for September 1995 for more information.

Actual Expenditure - September Quarter 1995

The Australian total capital expenditure trend estimate (in constant price terms) has begun to level out after rising since the March quarter 1992. The rise of 0.3% in the September quarter follows rises of 1.5%, 2.7% and 4.9% for the June and March quarters of 1995 and December quarter 1994 respectively.

State Estimates - September Quarter 1995

Trend estimates (in current price terms) for the September quarter 1995 for each state, together with the percentage change over the revised June quarter 1995, are detailed below.

	September (qtr 1995
	trend esti	mates
State	value \$m	% change on June qtr 1995
NSW	2,925	0.3
Vic	2,048	3.2
Qld	1,437	2.3
SA	399	-12.9
WA	1,802	-1.5
Tas	170	-4.5
Aust (a)	8,887	0.1

(a) Includes NT and ACT & differences associated with the Independent application of seasonal factors at state and Australian level (see paragraph 24 of the explanatory notes).

Changes in expenditure - 12 months to September 1995 Private new capital expenditure (in original terms) rose by 16.8% in the 12 months to September 1995 compared with the 12 months to September 1994. Expenditure in Tasmania rose by 53.3%, Western Australia by 24.5%, South Australia by 23.5%, Queensland by 21.9%, New South Wales by 16.3% and Victoria by 7.1%.

	12 months to Sept 1994	12 months to Sept 1995	
State	\$m	\$m	% change
NSW	9,839	11,442	16.3
Vic	7,190	7,698	7.1
Qld	4,368	5,326	21.9
SA	1,606	1,984	23.5
WA	5,912	7,359	24.5
Tas	443	679	53.3
Aust (a)	30,015	35,053	16.8

(a) Include NT and ACT

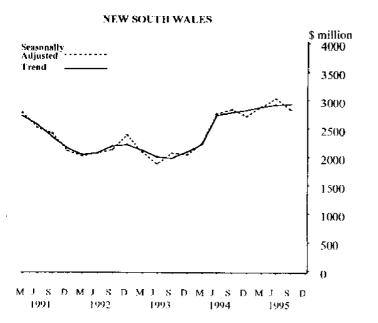
Expected Expenditure - 1995-96

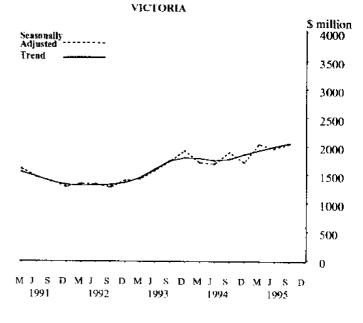
From the September quarter 1995 survey the revised fourth estimate of expected expenditure in 1995-96 is \$36,244m. This is 5.9% higher than the revised third estimate for 1995-96 (\$34,214m) and 5.5% higher than the revised actual expenditure estimate for 1994-95 (\$34,336m). If the relevant realisation ratio (1.04) from the last completed year was applied to the latest expectations for 1995-96, the outcome for 1995-96 would be an increase of 9.8% over 1994-95.

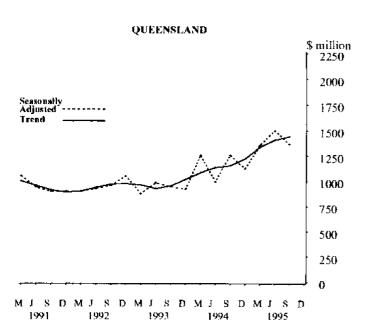
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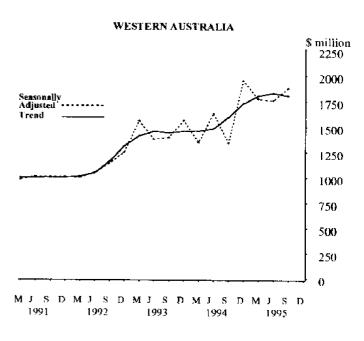
for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact John Stamolis on (02) 268 4241 or any ABS State Office.

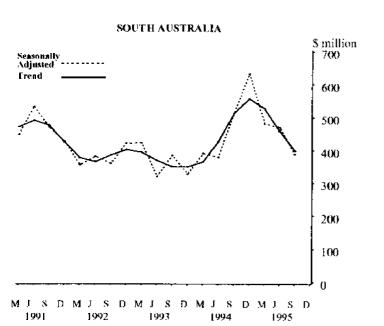
for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back page of this publication











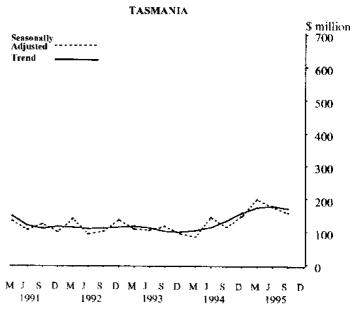


TABLE 1—ACTUAL AND EXPECTED PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, AUSTRALIA
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
CURRENT PRICES (revised)
(S million)

1993-94 1994-95 1994												
June Sept. Dec. March				+6-5661		1661	.95		96:5661			
See See See See See See See See See Se	Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	56-+661	June	Sept. qir	Dec. qtr	March qtr	June	Sept. qtr	3 Months to December 95	6 Months to June 96	1995-96
See See See See See See See See See Se				ORIGE	AL							
spand Structures we Capital Expenditure spand Structures spand	Mining Manufacturing	5.685	6.665	1.472 2.320	1.429	1,878	1.591	1.768	1.654 2.303	2,096 3.045	3,764	7.514
ew Capital Expenditure 28,727 34,336 8,087 7,897 9,241 7,896 ss and Structures 8,099 8,635 2,048 1,908 2,269 2,172 ent, Plant and Machinery 20,628 25,701 6,039 5,990 6,972 5,634 string SteasONALLY ADJLSTED (b) 1,798 1,798 1,798 1,798 cturing 7,813 9,820 2,127 2,286 2,225 2,666 sleed Industries 15,199 17,776 4,226 4,579 4,302 ew Capital Expenditure 28,686 34,266 7,777 8,00 8,501 8,766 snt. Plant and Machinery 8,061 8,593 1,994 1,842 2,208 2,347 snt. Plant and Machinery 20,625 25,673 5,783 6,178 6,293 6,420 sturing 7,820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,541 sleeted Industries 1,877 8,342 4,421 4,41 <td>Other Selected Industries</td> <td>15,200</td> <td>17.815</td> <td>4,294</td> <td>4.261</td> <td>5,004</td> <td>3,864</td> <td>4.686</td> <td>4,657</td> <td>5,080</td> <td>8,168</td> <td>17,905</td>	Other Selected Industries	15,200	17.815	4,294	4.261	5,004	3,864	4.686	4,657	5,080	8,168	17,905
gs and Structures 8.099 8.635 2.048 1.908 2,269 2.172 ent, Plant and Machinery 20,628 25,701 6.039 5,990 6.972 5.634 cturing Stored Industries 7,813 9.820 2.127 2.286 2.225 2,666 ew Capital Expenditure 28,686 34,266 7,777 8,020 8,501 8,766 ew Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 ew Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 en Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 en Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 en Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 en Capital Expenditures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 en Capital Expenditures <th>Total New Capital Expenditure</th> <th>72,727</th> <th>34,336</th> <th>8,087</th> <th>7,897</th> <th>9,241</th> <th>7,806</th> <th>9,392</th> <th>8,614</th> <th>10,220</th> <th>17,409</th> <th>36,244</th>	Total New Capital Expenditure	72,727	34,336	8,087	7,897	9,241	7,806	9,392	8,614	10,220	17,409	36,244
SEASONALLY ADJLSTED (b) straing cutring sleeted Industries 5,674	Buildings and Structures Equipment, Plant and Machinery	8,099	8.635 25,701	2,048	1.908 5,990	2,269	2.172	2,286	2.477	3,351	5.534	11,362 24,882
turing curing care didustries care didustries 5,674			SEASON		DILSTED	(a)						
truring cutoff Industries	Mining	5,674	6,670	1.424	1.467	1,697	1,798	1,709	1,699		÷	
ew Capital Expenditure 28,686 34,266 7,777 8,020 8,501 8,766 ew Capital Expenditure 28,686 34,266 7,777 8,020 8,501 8,766 2,347 8,020 8,501 8,766 2,347 8,020 8,503 1,994 1,842 2,208 2,347 8,020 8,503 1,994 1,842 2,208 2,347 8,020 8,503 1,994 1,842 2,208 2,347 8,020 8,503 1,994 1,842 2,208 2,347 8,020 8,503 1,748 8,7820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,543 1,502 1,7820 8,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,543 1,502 1,507 1,7808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	Manufacturing	7,813	9.820	2,127	2,286	2,225	2,666	2.643	2,391	İ		
ew Capital Expenditure 28,686 34,266 7,777 8,020 8,501 8,766 ss and Structures 8.061 8,593 1,994 1,842 2,347 ent. Plant and Machinery 20,625 25,673 5.783 6,178 6,293 6,420 TREND (b) TREND (b) cturing 7,820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,541 sleeted Industries 15,077 17,808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	Other Selected Industries	15,199	17.776	4.226	4.267	4,579	4,302	4,627	4,712	!		
spand Structures 8.061 8,593 1.994 1,842 2,208 2,347 and Library 20,625 25,673 5,783 6,178 6,293 6,420 TREND (b) Turing 5,686 6,671 1,425 1,521 1,462 1,748 7,820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,541 Isored Industries 15,077 1,7808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	Total New Capital Expenditure	28,686	34,266	7,777	8,020	8,501	8,766	8,978	8,802	1	1	
TREND (b) 5.686 6,671 1,425 1,521 1,662 1,748 7.820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,541 15.077 1,7808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	Buildings and Structures Fourtement Plant and Machinery	8.061	8,593	1,994	1,842	2,208	2,347	2.196	2.465		:	į
5.686 6,671 1,425 1,521 1,662 1,748 7.820 9,725 2,075 2,218 2,403 2,541 15,077 17,808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	,			TREND	(P)							
7.820 9.725 2.075 2.218 2,403 2,541 15.07 17.808 4,166 4,342 4,421 4,471	Mining	5,686	6,671	1,425	1,521	1,662	1,748	1,740	1691	l		ļ
	Manufacturing Other Selected Industries	7,820 15,077	9.725 17.808	2,075 4,166	2,218 4,342	2,403 4,421	2,54] 4,47]	2,563 4.573	2,480 4,715		;	l
Total New Capital Expenditure 28,583 34,204 7,666 8,082 8,486 8,761 8,876	Total New Capital Expenditure	28,583	34,204	7,666	8,082	8,486	8,761	8,876	8,887	l	1	-
Buildings and Structures 8,004 8,682 1,979 1,994 2,122 2,221 2,345 Equipment, Plant and Machinery 20,579 25,522 5,687 6,089 6,363 6,540 6,531	Buildings and Structures Equipment, Plant and Machinery	8,004 20,579	8,682 25,522	1,979	1,994	2,122 6,363	2,221 6,540	2,345	2,544 6,342	!	11	:

TABLE 2—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE, AUSTRALIA
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (revised)
(S million)

		ļ	16.8661		1994-95	' 5		96-3661
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	1994-95	June qtr	Sеря. qnr	Dec. qir	March qr	June 9tr	Sept. 4fr
		ORIGINAL	NAL				:	
Mining	5,315	6,145	1,371	1.318	1.741	1.470	1616	1 490
Manufacturing	6.946	8.922	2,083	2,001	2,146	2,129	2.647	2.066
Other Selected industries	14,550	17.363	4.185	4.179	4.831	3,779	4,573	4.551
Total New Capital Expenditure	26,811	32,430	7,638	7,498	8,718	7,378	8,836	8,107
Buildings and Structures	8.151	8,573	2,064	1.908	2.252	2.149	2.264	7 407
r-quipment, Plant and Machinery	18.660	23,857	5.574	5.590	6,466	5,229	6,572	5,705
		SEASONALLY ADJUSTED	ADJUSTED					
Mining	5.303	6.148	1,325	1,353	1.575	1.659	1951	055-1
Manufacturing	6.917	8.889	1,909	2,072	2,023	2,414	2.380	2.144
Cynef Selected Industries	14,553	17,332	4,118	4,190	4.416	4,213	4,513	4,607
Total New Capital Expenditure	26,773	32,370	7,353	7,615	8,013	8,287	8,455	8,282
Buildings and Structures	8.118	8,536	2,008	1.853	2.180	2.328	2,175	2,396
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	18,655	23.834	5,345	5,761	5.834	5,958	6.280	5,885
	i	TREND	e					
Mining	5,315	6,147	1,323	1 409	1 539	1610	1 580	- 633
Manufacturing	6.926	8,801	1,859	2,008	2.182	2.300	2.311	150.0
Other Selected Industries	14.43	17,361	4,038	4,233	4309	4,357	4,463	4,603
Total New Capital Expenditure	26,684	32,309	7,219	7,650	8,029	8,266	8,363	8,368
Buildings and Structures	8,063	8,614	1.988	1,994	2,112	2.201	2.308	2,480
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	18.621	23,694	5,231	5,656	5.917	6,066	950'9	5.888

TABLE 3 — ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

BY STATE (a) AND TYPE OF ASSET

ORIGINAL SERIES (revised)

(\$ million)

			t6-8661		1994-95	\$		96-5661
			June	Sept.	Dec.	March		Sept.
State	1993-94	56-4661	atr	dtr.	qtr	qtr	qtr	db
	BUI	LDINGS AND	BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES					
New South Wales	1,786	2.245	583	604	576	559	507	909
Victoria	1,485	1.535	311	289	365	342	539	553
Queensland	1,429	1.822	364	423	4	424	532	367
South Australia	356	351	62	151	77	59	58	70
Western Australia	2,753	2,367	605	385	741	169	550	737
Tasmania	100	133	53	28	2	1 6	4	151
Australia (a)	8,099	8,635	2,048	1,908	2,269	2,172	2,286	2,477
	EQUIPM	ENT. PLANT	EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY	ERY				
New South Wales	7,308	9,204	2.314	2.129	2.410	1.985	2.681	2.126
Victoria	5.546	5,998	1.410	1.617	1.495	1.424	1.463	1.519
Queensland	2,635	3,404	730	781	757	747	1,119	937
South Australia	1.128	1,755	336	330	607	381	436	290
Western Australia	3,202	4,491	287	936	1.480	106	1,174	1.087
Tasmania	341	503	120	9/	129	129	170	95
Australia (a)	20,628	25,701	6,039	5,990	6,972	5,634	7,105	6,137
	TOTAL	NEW CAPITA	TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITUR	RE				
New South Wales	9,094	11,449	2.896	2,733	2,985	2.544	3,187	2,726
Victoria	7,031	7,533	1,721	1.905	1,860	1,765	2.002	2,071
Queensland	4,064	5,226	1,094	1.204	1,200	1,171	1,651	1,304
South Australia	1,484	2,106	399	481	684	446	494	360
Western Australia	5,954	6.857	1,592	1,321	2,220	1,592	1,724	1,823
Tasmania	4	979	173	103	147	175	211	<u>4</u>
Australla (a)	28,727	34,336	8,087	7,897	9,241	7,806	9,392	8,614

(a) Estimates for NT and ACT are not available for publication but are included in the total.

TABLE 4—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
BY STATE (a) AND TYPE OF ASSET
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES (revised)
(8 million)

			t6-8661		1994-95	•		1995-96
State	1993-94	1994-93	June	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qtr	June gtr	Sept. qtr
	BUII	DINGS AND	BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES					
New South Wales	1.791	2.259	569	597	525	949	491	\$6\$
Victoria	1,477	1.546	301	276	333	415	522	529
Queensland	1,463	1.832	343	424	400	208	500	366
South Australia	352	353	77	<u>‡</u>	75	57	92	67
Western Australia	2,720	2.362	626	413	621	192	295	795
l asmania (b)	пр.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	u.p.	n.p.	n.p.	u.p.
Australia (a)	8,061	8,593	1,994	1,842	2,208	2,347	2,196	2,465
	EQUIPM	ENT. PLANT	EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY	ERY				
New South Wales	7,294	9.191	2,188	2,233	2.192	2.233	5.53	2,230
Vietoria	5,542	6.025	1.379	1,604	1,375	1.614	1.433	1,503
Queensland	2,645	3,391	650	830	720	∓	966	966
South Australia	1,130	1.742	302	368	557	423	393	322
Western Australia	3,203	4,456	1.002	927	1.329	1.009	1,191	1.082
l asmania (b)	n.p.	ц.р.	d'u	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	d. d.	r.p.
Australia (a)	20,625	25,673	5,783	6,178	6,293	6,420	6,782	6,337
	TOTAL	TOTAL NEW CAPITAL	AL EXPENDITUR	RF	-			
New South Wales	9.085	11.450	2.757	2.831	2.716	2.879	3.024	2.825
Victoria	7,019	7,571	1,680	1.881	1.707	2.028	1.955	2.032
Queensland	4,109	5,223	994	1,255	1,120	1,352	1,496	1,362
South Australia	1.482	2.094	379	512	632	480	470	389
Western Australia	5,923	6.819	1,628	1,341	1.950	1.770	1.757	1.877
Tasmania (b)	433	169	143	113	1 4 6	861	175	951
Australia (a)	28,686	34,266	7.777	8,020	8,501	8,766	8,978	8,802

(a) Estimates for NT and ACT are not available for publication but are included in the total. (b) Estimates for Tasmania are not available for publication but are included in the total.

TABLE 5—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EMPENDITURE
BY STATE (a) AND TYPE OF ASSET
TREND SERIES (revised)
(S million)

			t6-E661		56-1661			96-5661
State	t6-8661	56-4661	June gir	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qtr	June qtr	Sept. qtr
	BUII	DINGS AND	BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES					
New South Wales	1,794	2.294	546	582	581	268	563	999
Victoria	1,449	1,535	308	289	337	417	492	135
Queensland	1,501	1,778	414	406	436	473	462	430
South Australia	365	331	107	105	68	72	64	69
Western Australia	2,644	2,481	551	536	590	654	101	713
Таѕтпапіа (b)	n.p.	'n.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	п.р.	n.p.	n.p.
Austrafía (a)	8,004	8,682	1,979	1,994	2,122	2,221	2,345	2,544
	EQUIPM	ENT, PLANT	EQUIPMENT, PLANT AND MACHINERY	ERY				
New South Wales	7,223	680.6	2.187	2.199	2.235	2.303	2,352	2,358
Victoria	5.593	5,980	1,429	1,473	1,510	1,503	1,493	1.497
Queensland	2.681	3,331	718	4.	784	198	942	1.007
South Australia	1,127	1,722	320	407	468	453	394	330
Western Australia	3,183	4,470	930	1.056	1.138	1,147	1.128	1,089
Tasmania (b)	n.p.	ű.	n.p.	-d-u	n.p.	n.p.	ı.p.	n.p.
Australia (a)	20,579	25,522	5,687	6,089	6,363	6,540	6,531	6,342
	TOTAL	NEW CAPITA	TOTAL NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	RE				
New South Wales	9.016	11,383	2,734	2,780	2.816	2,872	2.915	2,925
Victoria	7.042	7,515	1,737	1.763	1.847	1,920	1,985	2,048
Queensland	4,183	5,109	1,131	1,150	1,220	1,334	1,404	1,437
South Australia	1,491	2,052	427	513	556	525	458	399
Western Australia	5.827	6,951	1,480	1,592	1,728	1,801	1,829	1,802
Tasmania (b)	412	829	112	132	156	173	178	170
Australia (a)	28,583	34,204	2,666	8,082	8,486	8,761	8,876	8,887
the state of the s		441	ķ	-				

(a) Estimates for NT and ACT are not available for publication but are included in the total. (b) Estimates for Lasmania are not available for publication but are included in the total.

TABLE 6 — ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET ORIGINAL SERIES - NEW SOUTH WALES (revised) (\$ million)

		1	16-868		56-7661			1995-96
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	1994-95	June gir	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qtr	June qtr	Sept. qtr
Mining	462	760	235	221	222	136	181	136
Manufacturing	2,771	3.752	862	875	836	932	1,110	749
Other Selected Industries	5.861	6,937	1,799	1.637	1.928	1.476	1.896	1.841
Total New Capital Expenditure	9,094	11,449	2,896	2,733	2,985	2,544	3,187	2,726
Buildings and Structures	1,786	2,245	583	604	576	559	202	600
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	7.308	9.204	2,314	2.129	2.410	1,985	2,681	2,126

TABLE 7—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
ORIGINAL SERIES - VICTORIA (revised)
(5 million)

			ì					
		'	1603-64	,	56-7661	٠		1995-96
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	1994-95	June qir	Sept. qır	Dec. qtr	March	June	Sept. qtr
Mining	441	603	98	138	152	139	173	136
Manufacturing	2.657	3.034	711	749	762	725	199	804
Other Selected Industries	3.933	3,896	924	1.018	946	106	1,031	1,131
Total New Capital Expenditure	7,031	7,533	1,721	1,905	1,860	1,765	2,002	2,071
Buildings and Structures	1,485	1,535	311	586	365	342	539	553
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	5,546	5,998	1,410	1,617	1,495	1.424	1,463	1,519

TABLE 8—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
ORIGINAL SERIES - QUEENSLAND (revised)
(5 million)

		'	+6-£661		1994-95	\$		1995-96
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	56-1-661	June qtr	Sept. qtr	Dec. qr	March qtr	June	Sept.
Mining	915	922	180	143	227	252	300	212
Мапиfассиring	996	1,215	261	277	283	261	394	318
Other Selected Industries	2,183	3,089	653	784	069	657	957	774
Total New Capital Expenditure	4,064	5,226	1,094	1,204	1,200	1,171	1.651	1,304
Buildings and Structures	1,429	1,822	364	423	444	424	255	367
Equipment, Plant and Machinery	2.635	3,404	730	781	757	747	1.119	937

TABLE 9—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE	BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET ORIGINAL SERIES - SOUTH AUSTRALIA (myllod)	(Selling)
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		l	1993-94		1994-95			96-5661
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	1993-94	1994-95	June qtr	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qr	June qir	Sept. qtr
Mining	76	115	22	4.	8	21	04	3.7
Manufacturing	613	829	207	129	226	202	272	158
Other Selected Industries	773	1.162	169	338	419	222	183	167
Total New Capital Expenditure	1,484	2,106	399	481	89	446	494	360
Buildings and Structures	356	351	62	151	77	65	58	07
Equipment. Plant and Machinery	1,128	1,755	336	330	607	381	436	290

TABLE 10—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET ORIGINAL SERIES - WESTERN AUSTRALIA (revised) (\$ million)

			167-661		56-1661			1995-96
Selected Industries and Type of Asset	to-866}	\$6-4661	June 9tr	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qw	June qtr	Sept. qfr
Mining	3.624	4,046	903	840	1,172	1.007	1.027	1.041
Manufacturing	517	565	611	86	154	133	209	205
Other Selected Industries	1.813	2,216	571	383	894	452	487	577
Total New Capital Expenditure	5,954	6,857	1,592	1,321	2,220	1,592	1,724	1,823
Buildings and Structures	2,753	2,367	909	485	74]	691	550	737
Equipment. Plant and Machinery	3.202	4,491	286	936	1.480	901	1,174	1.087

TABLE 11—ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE
BY SELECTED INDUSTRIES AND TYPE OF ASSET
ORIGINAL SERIES - TASMANIA (revised)
(\$ million)

	•		1993-94		1994-95		·	1995.96
Selected industries and Type of Asset	16-8661	1994-95	June qtr	Sept. qtr	Dec. qtr	March qtr	June qtr	Sept. qtr
Mining	34	29	16	17	18	10	22	1
Manufacturing	161	282	94	29	55	92	133	46
Other Selected Industries	215	288	63	57	75	100	Υ (58
Total New Capital Expenditure	441	636	173	163	147	175	211	146
Buildings and Structures	100	133	£Ş	28	6	46	14	51
Equipment. Plant and Machinery	341	503	120	76	129	129	170	95

TABLE 12 — RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF ACTUAL PRIVATE NEW CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (Percentage)

		Selected Industries	ustries		Type of Asset	ia.
State	Мініяд	Manufacturing	Other Selected Industries	Total	Buildings and Structures	Equipment Plant and Machinery
NSW	4.0	4.2	85 95	4.0	0.8	4,5
Víc.	8.2	5.4	7.3	8.4	9.8	5.1
þlÓ	12.3	9:0	10.7	6.8	1.11	7.1
S.A.	1.1	7.5	11.9	8.9	12.0	5.9
W.A.	4.4	7.8	10.0	4.3	6,4	4.1
Tas.	9.0	24.1	13.1	13.4	8'91	14.4
Australia (a)	4.7	3.0	4.3	2.7	5.0	2.8
(a) Leadingles ATT and ACT						

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

- 1. This publication contains estimates of actual new capital expenditure by private businesses in Australia, dissected by State. The series contained in this publication have been compiled from data collected in a quarterly survey of private businesses.
- 2. State estimates in this publication are derived from the latest available Australian estimates for September quarter 1995. These estimates are more up to date than those previously released in *Private New Capital Expenditure and Expected Expenditure to June 1996, Australia* (5625.0) released on 24 November 1995.

Scope of the survey

- 3. This survey aims to measure the value of new capital expenditure by private businesses in Australia. Private households and public sector businesses (ie all departments, authorities and other organisations owned or controlled by Commonwealth, State or Local Government) are outside the scope of the survey.
- 4. The scope of the survey:

, includes the following Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) industries

Mining (Division B)

Manufacturing (Division C)

Food, beverages and tobacco (21)

Textiles, clothing, footwear and leather (22)

Wood and paper products (23)

Printing, publishing and recorded media (24)

Petroleum, coal, chemical and assoc, products (25)

Non-metallic mineral products (26)

Metal products (27)

Machinery and equipment (28)

Other manufacturing (29)

Other Selected Industries

Construction (Division E)

Wholesale Trade (Division F)

Retail Trade (Division G)

Transport and storage (Division I)

Finance and Insurance (Division K)

Property and Business Services (Division L)

Other non-manufacturing (including electricity & gas;

communication; accommodation; cases & restaurants; cultural

& recreational services; and other services

(36.37.57,71.91-93,95,96)

. excludes the following industries Agriculture. Forestry and Fishing Government Administration and Defence Education Health and Community Services

Survey Methodology

5. This quarterly survey is based on a stratified random sample of private business units recorded on the ABS register of businesses. The sample consists of approximately 8000 units. The figures obtained from the selected businesses are supplemented by data from units which have large capital expenditure and/or large employment and which are outside the sample framework, or not adequately covered by it.

Reporting Cycle

- 6. State estimates of actual new capital expenditure by business units are compiled quarterly. State estimates for expected expenditure are only collected in the December quarter survey. The expectations data relate to the 6 months ending the following June and to the financial year following that.
- 7. The collection of expectations in the December quarter surveys allows the derivation of a *composite estimate* (6 months actual plus 6 months expectations) for the current financial year (ie 12 months ending June) and will provide a *twelve month expectation* for the following financial year.

Sample revision

8. Each year the survey frame and the sample are revised prior to the June quarter survey to ensure that they remain representative of the survey population. In the course of this revision some of the business units from the sample sector are rotated out of the sample and replaced by others to spread the reporting workload equitably. As a check on comparability, information is collected from both the old and revised samples for the June quarter.

Statistical unit

9. This survey uses the Management Unit as the statistical unit. The management unit is the highest level accounting unit within a business, having regard to industry homogeneity, for which accounts are maintained. In nearly all cases it coincides with the legal entity owning the business (i.e. company, partnership, trust, sole operator, etc.). In the case of large diversified businesses, however, there may be more than one management unit, each coincides with a 'division' or 'line of business'. A division or line of business is defined when separate and comprehensive accounts are compiled for it. Prior to 1989, the survey was on a different unit basis. Further details are available on request.

State Dissection

10. Estimates for NT and ACT are not separately available because of the high sampling variability associated with them. They are included in totals for Australia and while a residual for the territories can be derived, the measure is not reliable.

Classification by industry

- 11. The Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) has been developed for use in both countries for the production and analysis of industry statistics. It replaces the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) and the New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (NZSIC).
- 12. For more information, users are referred to: Australian & New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification, 1993, ANZSIC. ABS Cat. No. 1292.0 and New Zealand Cat. No. 19.005.0092.
- 13. In order to classify new capital expenditure by industry, each statistical unit (as defined above) is classified to the ANZSIC industry in which it mainly operates.
- 14. The total value of all of the new capital assets acquired by each statistical unit either on own account or under a finance lease is classified to the ANZSIC industry in which it mainly operates even though it may have activities in other industries

Constant prices

15. Estimates in constant prices (1989-90) are presented in Table 2. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates are the same as the price deflators compiled for the national accounts aggregates 'Private gross fixed capital expenditure on non-dwelling construction' and 'Private gross fixed capital expenditure on equipment'.

Description of terms

16. New capital expenditure refers to the acquisition of new tangible assets either on own account or under a finance lease and includes major improvements, alterations and additions. In general, this is expenditure charged to fixed tangible assets accounts excluding expenditure on second hand assets unless these are imported for the first time.

- 17. Some estimates are dissected by type of asset:
 - (a) Buildings and Structures. Includes industrial and commercial buildings, houses, flats, home units, water and sewerage installations, lifts, heating, ventilating and similar equipment forming an integral part of buildings and structures, land development and construction site development, roads, bridges, wharves, harbours, railway lines, pipelines, power and telephone lines. Also includes mine development (e.g. construction of shafts in underground mines, preparation of mining and quarrying sites for open cut extraction and other developmental operations primarily for commencing or extending production). Excludes purchases of land, previously occupied buildings and speculatively built projects intended for sale before occupation.
 - (b) Equipment, plant and machinery. Includes plant, machinery, vehicles, electrical apparatus, office equipment, furniture, fixtures and fittings not forming an integral part of buildings, durable containers, special tooling, etc. Also includes goods imported for the first time whether previously used outside Australia or not.

Reliability of the estimates

18. Since the estimates are based on data obtained from a sample rather than a complete enumeration, the data and the movements derived from them are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been obtained if all units had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of units was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all units had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors.

19. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative* standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling. The sample estimates of quarter to quarter movement in the value of new capital expenditure are also subject to sampling variability. The relative standard error of the estimate of

movement is expressed as a percentage of the quarterly estimate of the level of capital expenditure.

20. The imprecision due to sampling, which is measured by the standard error, is not the only type of inaccuracy to which the estimates are subject. Other inaccuracies, referred to collectively as non-sample error, may occur for a number of reasons:

The major ones of concern and which may affect the data are:

- (a) misreporting of data by respondents.
- (b) deficiencies in the central register of economic units particularly in respect of small units, and
- (c) difficulties respondents may have in allocating to the appropriate state/s, expenditure on some equipment items such as mobile assets (e.g. aircraft, bulk oil carriers, satellites, off-shore drilling platforms and large computer installations supporting a national network). Where such difficulties exist, expenditure is allocated to the state of the businesses' head office.
- 21. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sample error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, efficient editing and operating procedures and appropriate methodology.

Seasonal adjustment

- 22. The quarterly State new capital expenditure series in this publication are affected to some extent by seasonal influences and it is useful to recognise and take account of this element of variation.
- 23. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly depending on the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics are in fact only indicative and should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting seasonally adjusted data it is important therefore to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.
- 24. Seasonally adjusted estimates in this publication have been derived by independently adjusting State estimates by type of asset and then adding them to form State capital expenditure estimates. This publication contains seasonally adjusted State estimates by type of asset for all States except Tasmania. Seasonally adjusted series for Tasmania have not been published at the type of asset level because of the volatility within the series.
- 25. The seasonally adjusted Australian estimates of new capital expenditure included in the publication are consistent with those published in *Private New Capital Expenditure*, *Australia* (5625.0). These estimates are derived independently of the seasonally adjusted State estimates and as such the residual difference between the States and Australia estimates should in no way be regarded as a seasonally adjusted estimate for ACT and NT (see also paragraph 12).
- 26. At least once each year the seasonally adjusted series are revised to take account of the latest available data. The most recent reanalysis takes into account data collected up to and including the September quarter 1995 survey. The nature of the seasonal adjustment process is such that the magnitude of some revisions

resulting from reanalysis may be quite significant, especially for data for more recent quarters. For this reason, additional care should be exercised when interpreting movements in seasonally adjusted data for recent quarters.

- 27. It should be noted that the scasonally adjusted figures necessarily reflect the sampling and other errors to which the original figures are subject. Particular care should be taken in interpreting quarter to quarter movements in the adjusted series in the publication.
- 28. Details of the seasonal adjustment methods used, together with selected measures of variability for these series, are available on request.

Trend estimates

- 29. The trend estimates are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average (like all Henderson averages) is symmetric, but as the end of a time series is approached, asymmetric forms of the average are applied. Unlike the weights of the standard 7-term Henderson moving average, the weights employed here have been tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. While the asymmetric weights enable trend estimates for recent quarters to be produced, it $\bar{d}oes$ result in revisions to the estimates for the most recent three quarters as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions because of changes in the original data and as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information, see A Guide to Interpreting Time Series -Monitoring Trends: an Overview (1348.0) or contact the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on (06) 252 6345.
- 30. For the Australian total series in this publication, December quarter seasonally adjusted data (published in Cat. No 5625.0) have been used to calculate trend estimates.

Comparability with National Accounts estimates

- 31. The statistics for new capital expenditure shown in this publication differ from estimates of private gross fixed capital expenditure shown in the Australian National Accounts for the following reasons:
 - (a) The National Accounts estimates incorporate data from other sources as well as information from the capital expenditure survey. For example, estimates for capital expenditure on 'equipment' are based on annual statistics of depreciable assets available from the Taxation Commissioner. Quarterly estimates are interpolated between and extrapolated from the annual taxation based estimates using a variety of indicators including this survey. The ABS's quarterly Building Activity Survey and Engineering Construction Survey are the main data sources for estimating the National Accounts dwelling and non-dwelling construction items respectively.
 - (b) The National Accounts estimates include the capital expenditure by all private businesses including entities classified to the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting and community services industries and the capital expenditure on dwellings by households. Data for these sectors are excluded from this publication.

- (c) The National Accounts estimates include the value of work done on speculative construction projects as the work is put into place. The statistics in this publication, however, include full value of the speculative projects as new capital expenditure of the purchaser (if in scope), when the project is sold.
- (d) For equipment, the National Accounts estimates relate to acquisitions less disposals of all fixed tangible assets whereas the survey figures are acquisitions of new fixed tangible assets only.
- 32. For a more detailed explanation of the concepts and methods used in compiling the National Accounts estimates see *Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods* (5216.0).

Related Publications

33. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:

Private New Capital Expenditure and Expected Expenditure Australia (5625.0)

Company Profits, Australia (5651.0)

Stocks, Selected Industry Sales and Expected Sales Australia (5629.0)

Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product (5206.0)

Australian National Accounts: State Accounts (5242.0)

Australian Business Expectations (5250.0)

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Unpublished data

35. In addition to the data in this publication, more detailed information may be made available on request.

Symbols and other usages

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up not published

figure revised since previous issue

ANZSIC Australian and New Zealand Standard

Industrial Classification

W. McLennan Australian Statistician

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